The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at **$2** per annum, IN ADVANCE, or **$2 50** if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at **$1 50** per square for three insertions, or less, and **50 cents** per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less of this type counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS Notices set under the head of local news will be charged invariably **10 cents a line** for each insertion.

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JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors: Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

A KNOTTY POINT.

BY P. P.

"An answer will serve all men."
[ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.

"If women vote as well as men,"
Says Dick one day to Ned;
"Pray, can you tell me, of the house,
Which of them is the head."

Said Ned. "If both have EQUAL RIGHTS,
No matter great or small,
There certainly must be two heads,
Or else no HEAD AT ALL."

"But, *stop*; here is another point:
Supposing both have riches,
Which of them should be SUED for DEBT,
Or which should claim the BREECHES?"

Original.

No. 9. For the REPUBLICAN.

PRISON LIFE.

BY A PRISONER.

Friends. Up to the 28th of July I had not seen any old acquaintances in the prison, and I had *consoled* myself with the thought that if I found a resting place in the graveyard, my friends would never know my fate. But on that day as I was walking down to the brook, a man arrested my attention. He was disputing with an Irishman who was cursing our government for not releasing us. I had seen the same person a few days before, and something about him then looked familiar. Now, as he argued with the ignorant foreigner, showing plainly the rebels were to blame for our captivity, and growing eloquent in his appeals to the crowd that had gathered around, I stopped to listen. When he finished, the crowd applauded him, and then memory brought his name to mind, and stepping up to him I said, are you not Col. C., of Waynesburg. In an instant he knew me and shaking my hand almost off, led me to his tent. There I found Capt. Rogers, Chas. Hook, Rich. Adams, Ben. Hagar, and other Greene county boys. It seemed like home to me. I was then so reduced in flesh they almost despaired of my life, but the Col. said, "we will get him out." As a help to this, some money was placed in my hand, for which I can never be grateful enough. With it I purchased raw potatoes to cure the scurvy, with which I was then afflicted. While on the subject I may as well describe this disease:

It usually appeared first in the gums. These became blue, and rotten, and finally turned black, and the teeth grew loose in their sockets and often fell out. I often pulled chunks of flesh the size of a pea from my mouth. Some could take their teeth out with their fingers and place them in again, and if they got well the teeth would remain. My front teeth are still loose from the effects of it. In a few days it attacks the legs, particularly about the joints, drawing the leaders, making the persons lame, and turning the flesh a bluish color, fringed with yellow. The victims scarcely looked like men. The worst of all was, it was often attended with diarrhœa that soon carried its prey down to the grave. I think the highest number of deaths in one day was a hundred and fifty. This was in August. Generally, from thirty to a hundred were taken out, exclusive of those that died in the hospital. The dead were thrown into a wagon and hauled to the trenches and then laid in side by side, with only a foot or two of dirt to cover them. It is said their graves were marked, but it is very doubtful if they were correctly.

Very often our rations were cut off for some trivial excuse. On the 3rd and 4th of July the rebels reorganized the detachments and in consequence nothing was given us to eat. To keep us quiet they pretended they were going to send us away for exchange.

One thing is worthy of notice here. We knew the Presidential contest at home was vigorously being carried on. The rebels were loud in their praise of McClellan, and declared if he was elected, peace would be at once made. And yet but few of the prisoners wished for this, even though they knew it would bring release to them. They preferred to see the Union saved, even if they had to lie down in the burning sand and die. It was amusing to hear the men cursing when they would get no rations, or something would go wrong. The first malediction would be upon our government, then upon the War Department, then on Gen. Grant, and finally winding up on Jeff Davis, and the whole Southern Confederacy.

For the REPUBLICAN.

ENCOURAGE SKILLED LABOR.

Individual wealth aggregated, makes the wealth of communities. Encouragement to manufacturers developes energy, cultivates taste, improves mechanics, and attracts custom, not only to the mechanic, but to his neighbor. Every man who goes out of his own community to spend a dollar, does just that much injury to himself and the neighborhood in which he lives. The Editor appeals to the people at home to support his paper on the ground that it is a home journal, educating public taste, promoting intelligence, encouraging industry and giving general tone to society; every argument he uses is for the improvement of his patrons; and I may say that there is not one argument he uses that does not apply with equal force to the mechanic, the merchant, the farmer or the hotel keeper, a fact here for your private consideration. Almost every steamboat that comes up the river brings to Greene county articles of city manufacture, which could be and are better made in the county and perhaps at no greater cost. Now why is it that men will so act? Do they expect to get their patronage from the city; or do they wish by the insult to drive mechanics and all skilled labor from their midst into the pent up boundaries of some dingy city? For my own part, the only plausible reason that I can find, is that it has a tendency to fatten some men's vanity, by going from home to some large town, or some place that is all name, to secure an article which should be made at home. What is the result of this kind of dealing? I know men now in the city who are most excellent mechanics and artisans, who would gladly come to some country place to exercise their skill, and thus benefit some community, were it not for this penchant of individuals to discourage all kinds of home manufacture. Every community is just what its individual members make it. Mean, groveling and discordant, or noble, generous and intelligent, assisting every man who shows a disposition to become master of his business. Of course I would not be guilty of trying to impose the claims of any *daub, botch, or umpire*, upon the people. No, but let every man prove himself a caterer to the public taste, and improver of his especial business; prepare himself by mental culture, by mechanical skill, by steady habits, and constant industry, to merit the claims he may put forth to public patronage. Suppose some, or all of those men who patronize city work, were to take a sample of the kind of work they want done to some skillful mechanic in their own town and say, "if you will do me work like this, I will give you a good job and pay you a good price for it." That man will in return patronize you as liberally, because he can then afford it, and will, if it comes in his way, turn many a dollar to your account; but if you will go from home to get mechanical labor done, he can with a good face tell you to go there for your patronage. Another great advantage in encouraging skilled labor at home, is when you need something of a peculiar construction, or mechanical ingenuity to construct, you have it at hand and do not have to delay days and sometimes weeks to send to the city. By encouraging home mechanics you help to cultivate public taste, by making it familiar with skillful mechanism. "Do unto others as you would that others should do unto you." If you stand up for the interests of your community, you have a right to expect that community will stand by your interests. The mutual dependence of individuals is the basis of commercial prosperity, or adversity. Why then disintegrate society? G. W. D.

THERE are two kinds of girls. One is the kind that appears best abroad, the girls that are good for parties, rides, visits, balls, &c., and whose chief delight is in such things. The other is the kind that appears best at home, the girls that are useful and cheerful in the dining room, sick room, and all the precincts of home. They differ widely in character. One is often a torment at home, the other a blessing. One is a moth consuming everything about her; the other is a sunbeam, inspiring light and gladness around her pathway. The right education will modify both a little; and thus unite the good qualities of both in one.

A GENTLEMAN in Western New York manures his grape vines by burying at the roots the carcasses of dead cats. A decided Catawba flavor, he thinks, is thus imparted to the grapes.

ADVICE TO YOUNG MECHANICS.

In referring to the growing inclination on the part of young men, after they have served long and hard apprenticeships to acquire a good trade, to abandon this mode of making a living and to enter the legal or medical profession, where it is supposed greater emoluments can be secured and larger honors won, a cotemporary well observes that in nineteen cases out of twenty such adventures are failures, for two reasons: First, the professions require peculiar talent and the most thorough education. As a rule, apprentices to the trades have neither the time nor the means to acquire this education. Hence, when a mechanic at the end of his apprenticeship aspires to and enters any one of the professions, he does so at a great disadvantage. He may be a fluent speaker, know how to argue a point in a debating society or harangue a crowd at a ward meeting, but such talents do not fit him for the legal profession. He may know how to extract a splinter from his own hand, how to make a salve, how to mix a powder or administer a pill, but all this, while it might qualify him as a good nurse, does not fit him for the medical profession. The fact is, the young men who abandon their trades are tempted to do so by a feeling of false pride, erroneously imagining there is no honor to be secured in a pursuit of the mechanical arts. History proves the fallacy of such suppositions.

The brightest names which now adorn the annals of all countries are of the best mechanics who have blessed mankind with the productions of their genius. All that is beautiful and grand is the result of improvement in mechanics. The pendulum, the main spring, the barometer, thermometer, printing press, steam engine, locomotive, sewing machine, telescope—all, all are the result of mechanics' arts, making those famous who produce them, and that people great who adopel them.

A good mechanic who becomes a pettifogger or quack, merely because he is too proud to work at his trade, is, indeed, a pitiful object. A man of the right mental balance, who has proper mental form, with the necessary independence, will win as much honor and as fair a living in the trades as in the profession; and indifferent lawyer or doctor lacking briefs or patients is always a miserable being, a bad example in the community. Let our young mechanics, then, become ambitious in their own vocation. If they dignify their trades by becoming proficient therein, the trades will dignify them with the highest honors. If mechanics pursue their business with a purpose to self-improvement therein, and not merely to hammer and file and saw, but to improve the farm, to develop something new therein, the mind will be strengthened as the arm becomes muscular, and the heart of the mechanic will be made to swell with as true a pride as ever glowed beneath the doublet of a prince. Will the young mechanic think of these truths?

What we Begin to Believe.

We begin to believe that now-a-days greenbacks make the man, and dress the gentleman.

We begin to believe that the purse is more potent than the sword and the pen together.

We begin to believe that those who sin the most during the week are the most devout upon Sundays.

We begin to believe that honesty is the best policy—to speculate with until you gain everybody's confidence; then line your pockets.

We begin to believe in humbugging the people out of their dollars. It is neither stealing or begging; and those who are humbugged have only themselves to blame.

We begin to believe that a man was not made to enjoy life, but to keep miserable in the pursuit and possession of riches.

We begin to believe the surest remedy for hard times and a tight money market is an extravagant expenditure on the part of individuals—to keep the money moving.

We begin to believe that none but knaves are quaified to hold office under the Government—with the exception of natural born fools and lunatics.

We begin to believe that pianofortes are more necessary in a family than meat and potatoes.

We begin to believe that a boy who doesn't swear, smoke and chew tobacco, may be a very good boy, but is naturally stupid.

We begin to believe that if the devil should die one-half of the world will be thrown out of employment.

We begin to believe he has most merit who makes the most noise in his own behalf; and that when Gabriel comes—not to be behind the times, he, too, will blow his own horn pretty loud.

AN Atlanta paper tells of a chap who came down from one of the upper counties and encountered a man with a hand organ covered with green cloth. The man began to turn and the other put down a quarter, which the other immediately took up. Down went another, which shared the same fate, and then another. The stranger, finding his pile getting low, turned to a bystander and asked: "Mister, what sort of a game is this, any how?"

A LEGEND OF 1776.

Night had set in deep, and in a small log cabin situated a few miles from Trenton, N. J., sat five men, four of whom were seated around an old oaken table in the centre of the room engaged in playing cards while they frequently moistened their throats with large draughts from an earthen jug that stood on the table.

They were heavily bearded, coarse looking men, and from their dress which somewhat resembled the British uniform, they were evidently tories. The other was a stout built young man clad in the continental uniform. He sat in one corner of the room with his face buried in his hands.

"Tom," said one of the Tories, rising from the table and seating himself near the young prisoner, for such he evidently was, "Tom, you and I were school boys together, and I like you yet. Now why can't you give up your wild notions and join us. You are our prisoner, and if you don't we shall hand you over to headquarters to-morrow, for with your bravery and talents you will soon distinguish yourself in the royal army, and after this rebellion is crushed out, your cause would be rewarded by knighthood and promotion in the army. Now there are two alternatives; which do you choose?"

"Neither," said the young man, raising his head and looking the Tory steadily in the eye.

"I am now as you say your prisoner, but when the clock strikes twelve I shall leave you—I shall leave in a cloud of smoke, and neither you nor your comrades, not even myself can prevent it. You may watch me as closely as you please, tie me hand and foot if you will, but a higher power than yours or mine has ordained that I shall leave you at that time."

"Poor fellow, his mind wanders," said the Tory, "he'll talk differently in the morning." And he returned to his seat at the table, leaving the youth with his head again resting in his hands.

When the clock struck eleven, the young prisoner drew a pipe and some tobacco from his pocket, and asked the Tory leader if he had any objection to his smoking. "None in the least," he said, adding with a laugh—"that is, if you'll promise not to disappear in a cloud of tobacco smoke."

The young man made no reply, but immediately filled and lighted his pipe, having done which he, he arose and commenced pacing the floor.

He took half a dozen turns up and down each side of the room, approaching nearer the table each time, when having exhausted his pipe he returned to his seat and re-filled it.

He continued to smoke until the clock struck twelve, when he arose from his seat and slowly knocking the ashes out of his pipe, said;

"There, boys, it's twelve o'clock and I must leave you; good by!"

Immediately all around the room streaks of fire ran hissing and squirming; the cabin was filled with dense sulphurous smoke, amidst which was heard a clap of thunder. The Tories sat in their chairs paralyzed with fright.

The smoke soon cleared away, but the prisoner was nowhere to be seen. The table was overturned, the window was smashed to pieces, and one chair was lying on the ground outside of the building.

The Tory leader, after recovering from his stupor, gave one glance around the room and sprang out of the window, followed by his comrades. They ran through the forest at the top of their speed in the direction of the British encampment leaving their muskets and other arms to the mercy of the flames, which had now begun to devour the cabin.

The next day two young men dressed in the Continental uniform were seen standing near the ruins of the old cabin. One was of the night previous. "Let us hear all about it, Tom," said the other

"Well," said he, "last evening as I was passing this place, two Tories ran out of the cabin and took possession of me. Before I could make any resistance they took me in, and who do you suppose I saw as a leader of their party but John Barton, our old school mate. He talked with me, and tried to induce me to join them; but I told them I couldn't do it—that at twelve o'clock I was going to escape, disappear in a cloud of fire and smoke; but he laughed at me and said I was out of my head.

"About eleven o'clock I asked him if I might smoke. He said he had no objection; so I filled my pipe and lighted it, and commenced walking the floor. I had about a pound of gunpowder in my pocket, and as I walked I strewed it all over the floor. When the clock struck twelve I bid them good bye, and told them I had to go; and then knocking the ashes out of my pipe, the powder ignited and a dazzling flame of fire shot across, around and all over the room, filling it with suffocating smoke. Before it cleared away I hurled a chair through the window, sprang out and departed, leaving them to their own reflections. You know the rest."

JAMES GORDON BENNET, of the *Herald* has forbidden any of his editors or reporters to attend the Dickens banquet at New York, under pain of dismissal. Mr. Greeley will preside.

MEETING HOTEL EXPENSES.

"Are you the keeper of this here tavern?" inquired a tall, linky individual, belonging to the——regiment North Carolina State troops, and then in the Confederate States service.

"I am the proprietor of this hotel," replied the bustling little hotel-keeper of an establishment between this city and Richmond; "what can I do for you?"

"What you ax for a bed?" said the soldier.

"Seven dollars, sir," responded the gentleman addressed.

"Only seven dollars, you say? Well, that is cheap; dog gone ef it ain't. Here's Confederate five, and there's a two; it's all right, aint it mister?"

"Certainly, sir," replied Boniface, "it is all perfectly correct."

"You hearn him, didn't you, Jeems?" said the military gentleman, addressing one of his companions.

"I hear him," was the response.

"And you hearn him, too, didn't yer, Ike?" inquired he of another.

"In course I did," was the reply. "I 'spect it's right between you."

"That's a blessin', any how," said the soldier. "And now mister, ef you'd only traveled as far as I hev, you would want to sleep mighty sudden."

"Certainly, sir, all right," exclaimed the landlord, as he proceeded to direct a servant to show the gentleman his appartment.

The soldier evidently slept soundly; but very early in the morning, he might have been seen descending the stairs with the mattrass upon which he had slept carefully tied up and slung over his shoulder. He had not proceeded far, however, before he was met by the astonished landlord, who indignantly demanded to know what he was doing with that bed.

"Gwine to take it out for the regiment," cooly remarked the soldier.

"You are, are you?" roared the exasperated landlord: "how dare you carry off my property in that manner?"

"Your property? Well, I like that. Didn't I give ye seven dollars for this here bed only last night, and didn't two of our fellows hear the trade? Your property, eh?"

"The seven dollars you paid me was for your lodging," said the proprietor, growing somewhat irate as he spoke.

"Nary login, ef I knew it," responded the soldier, "I axed you what you axed for a bed, and paid yer own price, and according to the nature of a traid, the bed's mine."

"Well, sir," interrupted the angry host, "and what do you ask for your bed? I want it."

"Now yer talkin," replied the North Carolinian, as he dumped the bed upon the floor, and carelessly threw himself upon it. "I want to be reasonable, and bein' it's you I'll let you have the bed for fifteen dollars."

"Fifteen dollars!" gasped the landlord.

"Jes so," quietly remarked the soldier; "if a man don't make one hundred per cent. durn me ef he can pay hotel expenses."

The landlord paid the money, and probably avoided speculating in future with any of the North Carolina troops.

A NEW PAPER.

We publish the following prospectus, as it is decidedly rich;

I propose to start a religious paper on the gift enterprise plan. It will be devoted to sanctity and sewing machines, piety, politics, and patent medicines.

The following premiums will be given to subscribers:

Subscribers for one copy of the Church Cancer will be presented with a box of patent petroleum paste blacking. This is a very superior article; it will black boots or stoves, and may be used as a hair dye. [See testimony from leading clergymen, statesmen and bootblacks.]

Subscribers for two copies will receive a box of sardines.

Subscribers for ten copies will be presented with a pair of iron-clad spectacles, with glass eyes, warranted to suit one age as well as another.

Subscribers for twelve copies will be entitled to a wooden leg, a patent boot-jack, which can also be used as a cork-screw, a coffee mill, or an inkstand.

Subscribers for twenty copies will be entitled to a pair of false calves, and a gilt edge copy of Anna Dickinson's speeches and writings.

Subscribers for twenty-five copies will receive a tilting hoop-skirt, and a marble bureau with a mahogany top.

Subscribers for fifty copies will receive a suit of summer furs, and a burial plot, with an order for a tombstone when required.

Subscribers for five hundred copies will receive a nomination for Congress, with a library consisting of a bottle and a pack of cards.

Subscribers for a thousand copies will be presented with a farm in New Jersey, fenced in and mortgaged.

Clergymen acting as agents for the Cancer will be furnished with one pair of brass knuckles, and an acre of court-plaster.

THE Pittsburg *Gazette* says a boy in Missouri bought and ate four pounds of gum drops the other day and was nearly asphyxiated in consequence.

DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES—A DIALOGUE.

A foreigner, anxious to study the present condition of American politics recently inquired of a prominent Democrat what are the present principles of the Democratic party. The following dialougue ensued:

Democrat. Why, sir, the Democratic party has always been frank in the statement of its principles. You have only to read the platform adopted at its last National Convention, and you will find them set forth in full.

Foreigner. I have read it, and find the only distinctive point in it to be that "after four years of failure to restore the Union by war, there ought to be and immediate cessation of hostilities." I suppose the triumph of the Government over the rebellion in the fifth year of the war must have obliged the Democratic party to admit that they were mistaken.

Dem. Mistaken! Sir, the Democratic party was never mistaken. But on reflection I perceive that the present principles of the party are not stated in its platform. The first is that this is a white man's country, and that black men have no constitutional right to vote, especially in reconstructing the Southern States, and no human power can give them the right.

For. You have heard of Noah Webster, have you not?

Dem. Heard of him, yes; and he was not only the best lexicographer of the English language, but he was a straight out, old-fashioned Connecticut Democrat.

For. Well, he defines a Democrat to be "one who favors the extention of the right of suffrage to all classes of men." How is it that a man can be a Democrat solely because he opposes that doctrine?

Dem. Politics have changed since Webster's time. He did not regard negroes as men.

For. Indeed he defined a negro to be "one belonging to the black race of *men*."

Dem. Well, Webster is a mere pedagogue. Our statesmen have thought differently.

For. Who are your statesmen?

Dem. Andrew Jackson and—

For. But Jackson led the free negroes to the polls, and voted with them side by side.

Dem. Oh, yes, we would be perfectly willing to lead them to the polls, but the mischief is they won't be led. They march to the polls in plattoons against us. But this is not our principal point now that negro suffrage has prevailed over the South; we have financial policies. The National bonds should be taxed, and what is left of their value after paying the tax should be paid in greenbacks.

For. What is a greenback?

Dem. It is the promise of the United States to pay a certain sum of money without interest.

For. And are the greenbacks ever to be paid?

Dem. No, they are to circulate as currency.

For. How long will they circulate as currency after it is announced that they are never to be paid? And how much will they be worth per dollar?

Dem. That's none of my business. The Black Republicans issued them, and they must take care of them.

For. But Democrats hold them and will suffer by their repudiation.

Dem. Well we'll consent to lose what we have in greenbacks in order to break down the aristocratic bondholders.

For. And who are they?

Dem. The rich men, the Astors, Stewarts, &c.

For. But I am told these men hold no bonds, and that nearly all your bonds are owned directly or indirectly, by poor men.

Dem. It must be mighty indirect, then. I'm sure I don't own any.

For. Let us see. Have you any money in bank?

Dem. A little; and my wife has a deposit in the Saving Bank, which she has saved from her cheese and butter.

For. You are both Bondholders, then. Are your lives or property insured?

Dem. We have a policy on our house.

For. What, are you such aristocratic bondholders?

Dem. How is that?

For. Nearly all the National bonds owned in this country are held by the National Banks, Savings Banks, Life Fire and Marine Insurance and Trust Companies. These companies in turn are merely agents for those who insure and deposit and do business with them. In New York State the Savings Banks alone hold $19,000,000 in bonds. Those of Massachusetts $25,000,000; those of Rhode Island $13,000,000, and including the other thirty-four States, it is safe to say their Savings Banks alone hold $300,000,000, and that these represent the savings of three millions of poor people. The number of depositors in New York and Massachusetts together amount to 804,501 persons, all of whom are poor, and their humble savings would be swept away by repudiating the National debt, one seventh of which is due to them.

Dem. Is that so?

For. Moreover, the Life and Fire Insurance Companies of New York City alone hold $66,000,000 in National bonds. How many should you estimate were held by the insurance companies of the entire country.

Dem. Perhaps $300,000,000 more. I don't know.

For. Nor I; but suppose it to be as you say. Now you know that the National Banks own $340,000,000 in the bonds and that the class who own and do business with banks are not all millionaires. They are well—to-do business men, and no more. About $500,000,000 of our bonds are held as investments in Germany, mainly by persons of moderate means who had faith in the stability of our Republican institutions. Besides there are, all over the country, trust estates, and money of persons of moderate means, which have been invested directly in the bonds. The amount of these can hardly be less than $200,000,000. Here then we have a grand total of $1,740,000,000 of the interest bearing portion of the National debt, which amounts to about $2,000,000,000, belonging to the people who cannot be capitalists, leaving, say $280,000,000 for the aristocratic bondholders.

Dem. Some of your figures rest upon supposition, but, as it is impossible to arrive at the exact figures, we can only arrive at them by estimates from the facts actually known. Your statement is new to me, and I must think of it.

For. Are there any other principles of the Democratic party on which you can give me any information?

Dem. None at present.—*Chicago Tribune.*

SELECTIONS.

Most people think the selections of suitable matter for a newspaper the easiest part of the business. How great an error. To look over and over fifty exchange papers daily, from which to select enough for one, especially when, the question is not what shall, but what shall not be selected, is no very easy task. If every person who reads a newspaper could have edited it, we should have less complaining. Not unfrequently it is the case that an editor looks over all his exchange papers for something interesting and can find absolutely nothing.

Every paper is drier than a contribution box, and yet something must be had—his paper must be out with something in it, and he does the best he can. To an editor who has the least care in what he selects, the writing he has to do is the easiest part of his labor. Every subscriber thinks the paper is printed for his own benefit, and if there is nothing that suits him, it must be stopped—it is good for nothing. As many subscribers as an editor has, so many tastes he has to consult.

One wants something very smart and something sound. One likes anecdotes, fun and frolic, and the next door neighbor wonders that a man of sense will put such stuff in his paper. Something spicy comes out and the editor is a blackguard. Next comes something argumentative, and the editor is a dull fool. And so, between them all, the poor fellow gets the d—l. They never reflect that what does not please them will please the next man; but they insist that if the paper does not suit them it is good for nothing, and will stop it right off.

MR. JOHN HICKMAN'S attack on the Irish Catholic portion of our population, and Mr. George Landon's reference to the Germans of Pennsylvania, may have the excuse of being uttered in the heat of debate, but they cannot claim the pallintion of being justified by any principles which govern statesmen while in the discharge of public duty. John Hickman knows that some of the bravest men who followed our flag to victory during the war to crush the slave-holder's rebellion, are Irish Catholics; while Mr. Landon cannot be ignorant of the fact that among the thrifty population which has rendered Pennsylvania powerful and wealthy as a State, our German fellow citizens rank deservedly high in all that pertains to morality, integrity and patriotism. Messrs. Landon and Hickman, by their indiscreet remarks on these points, have afforded the opposition press of the State a wide reach in appealing to the prejudices and resentments of the people, thus sarcastically referred to; and while ninety-nine out of every hundred Republicans in Pennsylvania do not entertain such sentiments, the Republican party is held responsible for these utterances, and will be more or less affected by their injustice.—*State Guard.*

MORE FIENDS' WORK!

A horrible outrage was commited a few days since upon a loyal citizen named Patrick Honey, who resides near Waverly, Tenn., on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad. Some days since a gang of Kuklux left documents at his house, warning him to leave the country, but he paid no attention to the notice, and went on with his work. Subsequently a large company of men, disguised and armed, dragged him out of his house about midnight, carried him to a creek three miles distant, tied a rope around his neck, and dragged him up and down the creek, pulling out his hair and beard, kicked him and whipped him, and left him lying insensible in the woods. He was found the following evening by his wife, in a most horrible condition.

The Waynesburg Republican

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Of Montgomery County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
COL. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Of Cambria County.

WHAT OF THE CONVENTION?

Shall we abide by the action of the Convention recently held by Republican friends in the county? This question, frequently put, we have heard answered more times negatively than in the affirmative. Reasons for this are naturally in order. Paramount of all others, is that the Convention in mind did not represent the Republicans of our county and hence any action they might take is not binding. This is apparent from the very general dissatisfaction manifested in the party. Every stroke of this kind is aimed at the life of the party. Every abuse of the legitimate source of government—the People—estranges the party from its principles and produces discord among its members. This has its exemplification in the recent attempt of the friends of A. G. Curtin to override the friends of Grow and others, in making to themselves the privelege of selecting delegates to the Chicago Convention for unrepresented districts and voting as a unit for their candidate through the chairman of the delegation—an action which will react upon its authors and do more to prevent the man of our choice from attaining his position than the combined forces of the Opposition hurled against him. "A good cause is sometimes injured by the enthusiasm of its friends." We think our Republican Convention committed the error of being to hasty in the matter of electing our nominees. More than one third of the delegates present came uninstructed or impressed with the belief that the selecting of candidates was premature, and, however untrue it may be, the belief cannot be dispelled that undue influences were used in the matter of instructing delegates. That almost in every instance two meetings had been held in each township; the first time delegates were not instructed, (the true intent of the call being recognized) the *second time* instructions seem to have been given. Considerable excitement was produced in the Convention by one of its members broaching what we have just stated, and loud denials made. Yet for all this, there was a chafing among certain of the managers that said plainly "It is of no use, gentlemen, we are in the majority and will do as we like!" We are disinterested concerning the claims of candidates but would have preferred to had the nomination more unanimous and entirely free of suspicious designs. The fear is abroad in the party that our conferees are instructed for a *second man* and, if so, all hopes of Greene County getting her dues are lost. It is a virtual acknowledgment of not being able to carry our point, which we are far from acknowledging. If the action of the Convention is to stand and Capt. J. B. Donley is nominated in District Conference for Congress, well and good. If he is not it is *not* well and good! Time will tell.

THE GOVERNOR, and the Republican members of the Legislature of this State have signed a document, addressed to Senator Cameron, instructing him, in the event of Mr. Wade's succeeding to the Presidency, to recommend the transfer of Mr. Stanton from the War to the Treasury Department. In reply Mr. Stanton announces it to be his purpose, as soon as his successor is confirmed to retire from active life. He declines any office either of honor profit. This determination we deeply regret. No public man has served the country more nobly, and his retirement will be regreted by every patriotic citizen. The name and services of the great War Secretary will live in history along with those of Lincoln, Grant and Farragut.

IN defiance of the many hindrances thrown in the way of reconstruction by Democracy the Southern States are one by one falling into line. Arkansas has adopted the constitution by a large majority, and the entire Republican ticket has been elected by a majority of over 30,000. Her Senators are chosen and will soon be admitted. Thus it would have been throughout the South if her people had not listened to the advice of Andrew Johnson and the Copperheads of the North.

WE print elsewhere Mr. R. W. Downey's card declining the duty of County Committee man during our coming campaign. Mr. Downey is moved to this expression by the same feeling that actuated us in our criticism of the Convention and its acts. There are many others that see in the same light and, of course, are as much "in the shade."

THE DEMOCRAT AND THE BLACK MAN

There is an influence at work on this hemisphere greatly irritative of the feeling and most horrible to the sight of all good Democrats. The inevitable *negro* ever thrusts his sooty countenance forward to affright the Democracy. Every Democrat living, says the *State Guard*, is constantly in fear that he might by some accident, be induced to marry a wench. He is harrassed with the thought of amalgamation. It haunts him as Banquo's ghost followed the sanguinary Mr. Macbeth, and sticks to him as tightly as Nessus' shirt. It is useless to assure a northern Democrat that amalgamation is impossible—that our geographical situation will always prevent it, that the education of the American people is against it; all this may be sound reasoning, but your true Democrat can't see it. He knows the negro is after amalgamation—he sees the abolitionists and radicals want to force Democrats to marry negros, and no one can deceive him because he is satisfied the negro is bound to make himself as good as a white man, and push his way into the jury box, be an equal at the ballot-box, occupy a seat on the Judge's bench, practice law, take part in mercantile pursuits, and make himself generally useful. All this inspires the Democracy with hate of the negro. Every sound Democrat's daughter is filled with trepidation whenever she meets a negro, fearful lest the rascal might avow love for her and pop the question. "Father told her such is the desire of the negro, and the abolitionists want it, so there is no use talking, she knows the negro wants a white wife." In this manner the Democracy of the north are kept in constant fear and abhorrence about the negro. Hate of the black man underlies and animates all that is Democratic. Without this hate, Democracy in the north would be an inanimate carcass; imbued by it, the party is able to rattle its dry bones and make a show of life.

DEMOCRATIC HATRED.

The Copperheads seem to have the *nature* as well as the *name* of the snake. With them nothing is too low, or vulgar, or mean by which they may accomplish their ends. Before the war the parties were nearly equal in respectability and influence, but the course of hat party during the rebellion was such as to draw into its ranks all the vile and lead of the country. Now the life-principle of modern democracy is *hatred*.

1. Hatred of the negro. Not hatred of him as a criminal, a rebel and enemy, as one whom it is our duty to hate, but as simply a negro, because his skin is black. They say there is a *natural* hatred of the African in the hearts of white men. This we wholly deny. The only hatred is that engendered by ignorance and the passions. To keep this alive appeals are made to the ignorant of the country, stories are invented and wide-spread of "outrages by negroes," and that inevitable bugbear, "a war of races," is kept constantly as a midnight spectre to frighten the (un)terrified. What is the purpose of every democratic speech and editorial but to increase the prejudice against the black man? Men professing to have the love of God in their hearts, and with deadly hatred for their fellow man in their bossoms! But some go farther than this and claim the negro is not a human being. Thus Brooks, Playford *et al*, prate about "shin bones," "cranial developement," "plurality of races" and the like, and that too, when there are black men far their superiors in all that makes a man. The more ignorant, degraded and brute-like a person is the stronger is his hatred of the negro.

But this, like other offsprings of ignorance, is giving way before the power of education, and even democracy must soon abandon it.

2. Hatred and vituperation of their opponents. This displays itself particularly in the names used to denote the Republican party. In a copy of one of their papers we find the following terms, "mongrels, nigger worshippers, nigger lovers, thieves, robbers, murderers, tyrants, monarchists," together with names too vile to be mentioned here. Lincoln, Grant, Sherman and Sheridan are cursed with epithets that would seem to indicate their authors had been raised in the "Five Points." Truly, "if you want to learn to swear read a democratic paper."

3. Hatred of Religion. A leading paper of this party has a column headed "Religious," in which are given all the cases that can be heard of or *invented*, of misdeeds by ministers and other christians. A politician, a leader of their party, said, "I would rather trust the Democratic party in politics, than God Almighty himself." It is well known there is not a christian society in the whole North composed of Democrats, and nothing is more common than for their journals to mock Religion. For proof, I refer to the paper published not a hundred mile from here. What kind of articles are given in its "Ladies' Column?"

4. Hatred of everything good. I care not what question of right or wrong presents itself, Democrats will take the side of wrong as instinctively as a duck to water. I learn that at the late election a Democratic township in Fayette Co., voted against the common school law. Any reform, any measure, any law that is intended to glorify God and benefit man will find its opposers among the Democrats.

Ex-D.

A CARD.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—I hereby decline serving as a member of the Greene County Republican Committee the ensuing year. The reason is that I am of opinion the whole proceeding of the Convention which appointed the Committee is a magnificent swindle—the initiative of "a sell" of the equality and manhood of the Republicans of Greene County. To this I cannot consent, either directly or indirectly. I hope I may be mistaken in this view of men, their actions and combinations. Time and results, however, will show whether I am correct in my conjecture.

R. W. DOWNEY.

DEMOCRATS generally denounce the the new election registry law, which is the very best evidence of its utility. They admit its many good qualities but growl over the extravagant sum it will cost tax-payers. Really there is no excess over what it has hitherto cost but supposing there is, if the law proves itself by purifying the ballot box, the will of the people is subserved, and many thousands, perhaps millions, of dollars saved from passing into the clutches of those whose greed of office is only excelled by that of money.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The delegates to the republican Co. Convention met as per call of Chairman of County Committee, at the Greene House, and organized by electing Daniel Miller, of Dunkard township, as President, and G. W. Daugherty, of Carmichaels, Secretary.

The names of the several Townships and Boroughs were then called, and 42 Delegates responded, as follows:

Aleppo, A. J. Hinerman, Caleb Hughes; Cumberland, James Long, J. F. Gwynn; Carmichaels Borough, F. H. Crago, G. W. Daugherty; Center, T. R. Rogers, James Call; Dunkard, Daniel Miller, Freeman Lucas; Franklin, Thomas Hill, Jonas Ely; Gilmore, Wm. H. Hennen, J. B. Fordyce; Jackson, Samuel Bayard, W. W. Taylor; Jefferson, Henry Luse, Johnson Waychoff; Marion, L. K. Evans, John Hager; Monongahela, D. R. Jones, J. C. G. Black; Morgan, Dr. D. W. Rogers, Thomas Ross; Morris, Jacob Swart, M. C. Lightner; Perry, J. B. Morris, James A. King; Richhill, John Walton, Edmond Milliken; Springhill, Jacob Rice, J. M. Garrison; Washington, A. B. Samson, B. Watson; Wayne, John I. Worley, H. D. Brock; Whitely, David Lemley, Vincent Stevens; Jefferson Borough, Ralph Drake, Dr. Samuel Colver.

The convention then proceeded to the election of a County Central Committee for the ensuing year, resulting as follows:

Aleppo township—A. J. Hinerman, C. Hughes.
Cumberland tp—T. L. Cummins, Joslah Gwynn.
Carmichaels Boro.—J. C. Burnett, J. N. Crago.
Centre township—James Call, John Rogers, Jr.
Dunkard township—Capt. Coon, Aaron Shirley.
Franklin township—S. W. Scott, Lycurgus Grim
Gilmore township—J. B. Fordyce, J. L. Sampson.
Greene township—J. H. Morris, S. Herrington.
Jackson township—P. M. Grimes, S. P. Bayard.
Jefferson township—Chas. Hughes, Jno. Cotterel
Jefferson Borough—Wm. Martin, B. B. Smith.
Marion township—H. W. Downey, D. Adams
Monongahela tp.—D. R. Jones, P. L. Kramer.
Morgan tp.—J. C. Buckingham, John Greenlee.
Morris township—James Dunn, M. C. Lightner.
Perry township—John A. Billingsly, J. W. Long.
Richhill township—Dr. Hull, J. M. Walton.
Springhill township—P. Ferrell, T. H. Meighen.
Washington township—T. J. Penn, Geo. Kelgley.
Wayne township—M. Brant, Josephus Kent.
Whitely township—Owen Hudson, C. P. Morris.

On motion, the County Committee be empowered to increase their number by appointing a Committee in each School District—was amended so as to read—this Committee shall have power to appoint sub-Committees in each township, subordinate to the County Committee—and then passed.

A number of names were offered as Chairman of the County Committee. Quite a discussion ensued as to the propriety of selecting a man outside of the previously appointed Committee, as Chairman. This was settled by electing J. H. Wells, Chairman.

The following resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, on the questions of the day, were then read and adopted:

Resolved, That we believe "honesty is the best of policy;" and that this maxim applies as well to nations as to individual men. The nation that repudiates its honest debts, forfeits the respect and confidence of its sister nations, and dishonors its own character. This great republic is an imperial power; it excels in resources the ancient monarchies of Europe, and has before it a career of grandeur, a more splendid history than that of Rome. That this career may be honorably won; that this history may be fully wrought out, we must be empowered with a noble ambition to pay our honest debts, our government bonds in coin, as stipulated at the time of their issue; and repudiate the Democratic doctrine of *repudiation* or "green back issue system."

Resolved, That we have the most unbounded confidence in the destiny of the Republican party. To the patriot, the lover of law and liberty, and to the thoughtful man, it presents a record anterior to and during the rebellion, full of deep interest; and as page after page of its future history is unfolded, we will read the progress of its great mission in removing the difficulties in which our nation became involved by Democratic rebellion which it took four years of war to conquer. It will bring the revolted States back to their proper place in the Union, purified and purged of their treasonable democracy which drove them to the verge of ruin, and place the government in moorings provided for it by the fathers and establish in it the reign of justice, humanity and equal rights.

Resolved, That we endorse the action of Congress upon the impeachment of the President, and approve its legislation in general as wise and patriotic.

Resolved, That we offer our grateful acknowledgements to the gallant soldiers of the Union army; it is their meed that we should do so. Their privations, dangers and noble patriotism displayed in opposing and conquering rebellion, entitles them to the respect and confidence of every true man and woman in this great republic.

On motion, the convention proceeded to the nomination of candidates for the district and county offices. An animated discussion here sprung up as to the propriety of putting the candidates in nomination at the present convention. A division was called for—27 yeas, 14 nays. The persons put in nomination were Geo. V. Lawrence, J. C. Flenniken and E. M. Sayers. On the first ballot the convention voting *viva voce*, Lawrence received 4, Donley 23, Flenniken 9 and Sayers 1. On the second ballot, Lawrence received 2; Donley 23; Flenniken 10.

On motion the nomination of J. B. Donley was made unanimous.

Mr. Donley being informed of the action of the convention, was brought in and addressed the convention in a very neat and appropriate speech.

Candidates for county offices were put in nomination. G. G. Miller, of Dunkard township, was nominated for Assembly, by acclamation; Thomas J. Penn, of Washington township, for County Commissioner; Thomas Ross, Esq., of Morgan township, for Poor House Director, and H. W. Taylor, of Jackson township, for Auditor.

The following persons were then appointed conferees to the district convention: John I. Worley, of Wayne township; Maj. J. B. Morris, of Perry township, and F. H. Crago, of Carmichaels. Alternates, G. W. Daugherty, of Carmichaels; Dr. W. D. Rogers, of Jefferson tp., and G. L. Wiley, Esq., of Marion township.

Resolved, That the conferees be instructed to vote solid for J. B. Donley as candidate for Congress.

Resolved, That we endorse the course of our county paper in its manly defence of the principles of the party, and that we pledge ourselves to endeavor to enlist for it the full support of the party.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this convention be published in the Waynesburg REPUBLICAN.

Adjourned, *sine die*.

DANIEL MILLER, Prest.
G. W. DAUGHERTY, Sec'y.
WAYNESBURG, April 14, 1868.

POLITICAL.

The Illinois Democratic State Convention—Nomination and Resolutions—Repudiation and Pendleton.

SPRINGFIELD, Illinois, April 15.—The Democratic State Convention met in this city to-day. The following ticket was nominated: J. R. Eden, formerly member of Congress from the eighth District, for Governor; W. H. Van Eppo, of Lee county, for Lieutenant Governor; W. W. Obrien, of Peoria, for Congressman at large; Robert E. Williams, of McLean county, for Attorney General. The resolutions adopted congratulate the country on the improved state of public sentiment, as shown by the late elections; denounce Congress for its financial and reconstruction policy and for arranging taxes so that the burden falls upon labor and industry; favors the payment of the national debt so that the national honor may be preserved; that legal tenders are lawful money, and the debt should be paid therewith, except when the law provides otherwise. It also demands the abolition of national banks, and that their issues be replaced with greenbacks, favors the protection of naturalized citizens, and declares for George H. Pendleton for President.

JOSH. BILLINGS says; "Thoze famelys who are really fust-class never ar afraid that tha shall gitcheated out uv their respecktability, while the codfish familys are always nervous lest tha mite;" which truthful remark we commend to the consideration of the "Democrats" who fear that, if they have an equal chance, the negroes will become their superiors.

POSTMASTER GENERAL RANDALL and other members of the Cabinet are making arrangements to sell their houses, furniture, &c., in anticipation of being compelled to "seek fresh fields and pastures new," at the close of the impeachment trial.

IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

Wednesday ended the documentary evidence of the defense, and when it was got through with it was the opinion of the managers that the day had in reality been wasted, for there has been nothing admitted which strengthened the President or weakened prosecution. Mr. Curtis took charge of the case in the absence of Mr. Stanberry, who is still suffering from an attack of pleurisy and general debility, caused by the toil and worry consequent upon the trial and the sharp verbal engagements into which he has been forced by General Butler, who proved too much for him. Col. Moore, the President's Secretary, swore that he carried certain messages of the President's to the Senate on the 22d of February, and again on the 24th. Gen. Butler watched him closely, and when he was turned over for cross-examination, he directed a few questions to him that he had to answer, that he really did not know what was in the envelope that it was sealed, and that he had neither seen the contents placed in or taken out. "You can go now," said Gen. Butler, as he turned to the Senators with an air of triumph, that clearly said, just bring along a few more such witnesses. The President's counsel held a long consultation this morning over General Sherman's case, and finally concluded not to put him upon the stand again, but to call Gen. Grant and put such questions to him as the Senate had allowed to be put to General Sherman, and then follow it up by further questions in the same direction. The Managers had nothing that they cared to ask Gen. Sherman, and so they released him, and he started to-night for Fort Laramie.

Very much time Wednesday was occupied in discussing the admissability of certain portions of the evidence of Walter S. Cox, of the Washington bar, in relation to the efforts made by the President and his counsel to get the Thomas-Stanton case before the Supreme Court.

After the recess, Mr. Cox was put through a critical cross-examination by Mr. Butler, which tended to a great extent to destroy the value of his evidence. The next witness called was a Mr. Merrick a lawyer here, who defended the assassin Surrat when recently tried. He testified to having been employed by the President to act with Attorney General Stanberry in making a case to test the constitutionality of the Cival Tenure of Office bill. Mr. Butler objected to Merrick's testimony, on the ground that all he knew occured after the House had impeached the President. The Chief Justice and Senate, however, overruled the objection and declared the testiony admissible. Merrick then went on, and made a regular stump speech, giving his opinions and ideas as expressed to the President and others. Mr. Butler further objected, but fourteen Republicans voting with the twelve Democrats, the Senate ruled against him, and Merrick went on uninterruptedly for half an hour.

This testimony is known to be irrelevant and could not be admitted in a common police court, but Messrs. Sumner, Morton, Sherman, Fessenden, Grimes, and other Republican Senators, pretended to think that unless everything Johnson's counsel ask is admitted that they will be treating him unfairly. The President's counsel see this and are taking due advantage of the same.

It was now 4.21 P.M., and Mr. Evarts rose and said they had no more witnesses ready, and would ask for an adjournment. To this Mr. Butler objected, and made a fifteen minutes speech that startled everybody. He spoke with tremendous force, calling upon the Senate to prevent further delay. He said that all legislation was stopped; that tax bills, appropriation bills, the tariff, the currency were still to be acted on; that Union men were being murdered daily, and the South and the country generally in a depressed state all owing to this miserable wretch, Andrew Johnson. The speech brought forth a burst of applause from the galleries which was checked with difficulty. This was something unusual and produced great excitement. Mr. Evarts replied briefly, and then Mr. Sumner offered a resolution that hereafter the Senate meet at 10 A. M., and sit until 6 P. M., but under the rules it goes over for one day. The Court then adjourned.

Thursday, counsel took evidence to prove the Presidents speeches provoked by the crowds in "swinging round the circle" mitigated the offence. The testimony was of no importance.

Members of counsel have said they expect to finish the case next week. On all questions which have arisen Mr. Wade has refrained either from voting or taking any part. Patterson, of Tennessee, never failed to vote on the side of the President.

TERRIBLE DISASTER.

A Train Thrown from the Track on the Erie Railroad—Over Seventy Persons Killed and Wounded.

NEW YORK, April 15.—One of the most terrible railroad disasters on record occurred early this morning at Carr's Rock, on the line of the Erie Railway, sixteen miles above Port Jervis.

At the scene of the accident, the bed of the road is cut in the side of the bluff overhanging the river. The ledge on which the track runs is very narrow, and the consequence was that the cars, which were thrown off the track by the breaking of a rail, and down an embankment twenty feet, thereby greatly increasing the loss of life.

To add to the horror of the scene which ensued, one of the cars took fire, and it is said that several passengers were burned to death. This report has not been verified, the remains not having yet been taken from the ruins.

The following report of the disaster has been made by the officers of the Erie Railroad at Port Jervis:

Thirteen dead bodies are at Port Jervis depot, fifty-two wounded are at Port Jervis hotels, and two more wounded not yet arrived. Mr. Lynch, sleeping car conductor, estimates that seven bodies are consumed, which cannot be verified until the wreck is removed.

NEW YORK, April 15—P. M.—The train to which the accident occurred left Buffalo at twenty minutes past two o'clock yesterday afternoon in charge of conductor Judd and Charles Douglas, superintendent of the division, and consisted of an engine, tender, three sleeping, two first-class, one second-class, and two baggage and one postal car.

The train proceeded on time making the usual stoppages, until evening, when the passengers in the sleeping cars retired for the night.

About three o'clock this morning Mr. Ames and Mr. Horton, of the General Post-office, in this city, who were in charge of the postal car, saw the bell-rope straighten and break in too, when Mr. Judd immediately remarked that "he had lost his rear cars." They ran to the platform of the car when the four rear cars were seen rolling down a precipice from seventy-five to one hundred feet high.

The scene of the accident is thirteen miles beyond port Jervis, on the Delaware division of the road.

The sides of the precipice are formed of jagged rock, and in the decent the the cars were broken to pieces. At the bottom is a culvert, through which flows a stream of water emptying into the Delaware.

The impression prevails that the disaster was caused by a broken rail which threw the rear car from the track. This displaced the three cars immediately in front, and the connection breaking, the whole were precipitated down an embankment.

The cars in going over the embankment turned several times before the bottom was reached, and were nearly demolished. The sleeping car was entirely consumed by fire.

The passengers of the cars, left standing on the track, immediately began to rescue the wounded and remove the bodies of the killed. Many of the latter could not be recognized.

Seven persons were burned to death and six others were killed by coming in contact with the jagged rock, etc.

NEW YORK, April 15, 11½ A.M.—By the latest dispatches at the Erie Railroad office in this city, it appears that twenty persons are dead and fifty wounded.

THE number of bills passed by the Legislature at the session which has just closed, is about *eighteen hundred*. This, we believe, is unprecedented. Of course, among so many bills, there must be good, bad and indifferent. Not a few, probably, will fail to be of the slightest use, and some, no doubt, will be found to be worse than useless and absolutely pernicious.

New Advertisements.

J. S. NEWMYER, President.
G. H. ANDERSON, Secretary. J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Superintendent.

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SLATE MINING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

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ROOFING SLATE,

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ANOTHER EXCITEMENT!

HI. PRICE ASSASSINATED!

FRANK MGURGAN THE ASSASSIN!

THE DEED WAS DONE IN THE

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices, the finest stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of spring and Summer Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress Trimmings, Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Appique and Valencia. Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

LADIES' HATS, STRAW HATS,

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.

11:13-tf FRANK MGURGAN.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT LIST OF GREENE COUNTY FOR 1868.

MARION TOWNSHIP	Class	Dol.
Axtell P. & Co.	14	7 00
Braden T. (Hardware,)	13	10 00
Braden D. W.	14	7 00
Braden T. (Tobacco,)	14	7 00
Brown Peter	13	10 00
Berryhill Wm	14	7 00
Bell M. C. & H.	13	10 00
Bailey Wm	14	7 00
Clark N. & Son	14	7 00
Creigh Samuel	14	7 00
Campbell A. & B. F.	14	7 00
Day Lewis	14	7 00
Evans L. K.	13	10 00
Gaither James	13	10 00
Harvey Miss. M. A.	14	7 00
Hooper Isaac	14	7 00
M'Clelland N. H.	14	7 00
M'Gurgan Frank	13	10 00
Munnell John	13	10 00
Roberts G. W.	13	10 00
Rinehart H. A.	14	7 00
Sayers & Hoskinson	13	10 00
Sowers A. J.	13	10 00
Shirk D.	14	7 00
Scott W. & Co.	14	7 00
Wallace William	14	7 00
Wallace B. T.	14	7 00
JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.		
Bailey J. M.	14	7 00
Cloud & Bro.	13	10 00
Gaddess G.	14	7 00
Hewit Isaac	13	10 00
Hughes L. & Co.	14	7 00
Jordan Mrs. M. A.	14	7 00
Lindsey J. A. & Co.	14	7 00
Martin W. H.	14	7 00
Martin A. J.	13	10 00
Sedgwick & Pollock	14	7 00
Smith & Black	13	10 00
Thomas Mrs. Dianna	14	7 00
Young R.	14	7 00
CARMICHAELS BOROUGH.		
Barkman Wm	14	7 00
Crossdale A. T. & Co.	13	10 00
Hartman Wm.	14	7 00
Hathaway J. W	14	7 00
Jamison Henry	14	7 00
Laidley N. & Co.	14	7 00
Mitchener J. P. & Co	13	12 50
Murdock W. M.	14	7 00
Monyer J. L.	14	7 00
CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP.		
Cummins T. L.	14	7 00
Lucas T. & Co	12	12 50
Lindsey Wm	14	7 00
MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP.		
Ball F. A.	14	7 00
Boughner Wm	14	7 00
Boughner A. V.	14	7 00
Coughanour George	14	7 00
Gray W. & Sons	13	10 00
Gray J. M. & S. T. (Distillery)	6	50 00
Mestrezat G. A	14	7 00
Mestrezat Wm	14	7 00
Mestrezat C. & Co. (distillery.)	6	25 00
Standley & Sicklesmith	14	7 00
DUNKARD TOWNSHIP.		
Everley L. S. (distillery,)	6	25 00
Lemley G. O.	14	7 00
Maple A	14	7 00
Paul & Garrison	14	7 00
Stewart A. P.	14	7 00
Taylor J. L.	14	7 00
Titus H. F.	14	7 00
GREENE TOWNSHIP.		
Standley & Sicklesmith	11	15 00
Seaton T. & Co.	14	7 00
WHITELY TOWNSHIP.		
Chalfant Michael	14	7 00
Hudson W. B.	14	7 00
Hudson John	14	7 00
Jolley A. J.	14	7 00
FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.		
Hook & Wise, (distillery,)	6	25 00
Huffman H. L.	14	7 00
Hook Jesse	14	7 00
Rinehart J. L.	14	7 00
MORGAN TOWNSHIP.		
Allman T.	14	7 00
Allman A. E.	14	7 00
Hurson A. S. & Co.	13	10 00
Iams Miller	14	7 00
Leonard L. & A. (distillery,)	6	25 00
Lippencot C. (distillery,)	6	25 00
Prior Stout	14	7 00
Walton Amos	14	7 00
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.		
Lewis C. V. L.	14	7 00
PERRY TOWNSHIP.		
Donley J. P. & Co	12	52 07
Morris J. W.	12	10 00
Morris E. F.	12	50 00
South D. & Bro	12	50 00
WAYNE TOWNSHIP.		
Calvert Rezin,	14	7 00
Granlee H. L.	14	7 00
GILMORE TOWNSHIP.		
McCullough P. & Co.	12	12 50
SPRINGHILL TOWNSHIP.		
Barger John	14	7 00
White & Styles	14	7 00
ALEPPO TOWNSHIP.		
Hosack & Co	14	7 00
Moore P. & Bro.	14	7 00
RICHHILL TOWNSHIP.		
Gillogly James	14	7 00
Gray D. W.	14	7 00
Hughes & Kincaid	14	7 00
Hays J. W.	13	10 00
M'Glumphy J. B. & Co.	14	7 00
Ross Asa	13	10 00
MORRIS TOWNSHIP.		
Carter G. & Co.	14	7 00
Penn J. H.	14	7 00
Swart Jacob	13	10 00
Smith Hopkins	13	10 00
JACKSON TOWNSHIP.		
Grimes P. M.	14	7 00
CENTRE TOWNSHIP.		
Gordon Zadok	13	10 00
Smith Thomas	13	10 00

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Appeals will be held at the Treasurer's Office in Waynesburg, May 18th and 14th, 1868.

S. B. ARNETT, Appraiser.

NOTICE.—Persons named in the foregoing list are hereby notified that it is made the duty of the County Treasurer to bring suit for all mercantile taxes which shall not be paid before the 1st day of June, 1868. They are respectfully requested to pay before that time.

ABNER M. BAILY,
ap 22,68-1t County Treasurer.

Special Notices.

Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6:8-1y.

To Consumptives.—The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 1653 South Second St. Williamsburg New York.
6;5,'67-1y-eod9-13

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6:5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6:5-1y

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

A good Agent wanted in every township of this county to sell **Westcott's Adjustable Dash Churn**; the best butter maker now manufactured. We do not promise fabulous salaries to our agents, but do guarantee good wages to good men. We are anxious to have this Churn introduced, and to this end will make favorable arrangements with early applicants.

Address THOS. H. BINGHAM & CO.,
1;3-1y 226 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa

HAVE A CIGAR?

IF SO, CALL IN AT

T. BRADEN'S NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

He keeps on hand at all times

AN EXCELLENT QUALITY OF CIGARS,

Smoking & Chewing Tobacco,
Pipes, Snuff, etc., etc.

PRICES DOWN! IS THE WORD!

Call in. Room in the Worley House, Waynesburg, Pa.

ap. 15,'68-tf T. BRADEN.

WANTED!

A Partner in a payable Drug Store, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Capital about $800. For further information address

P. O. Box No. 3, Cameron, West Va.
ap 15,'68-3t

The Waynesburg Republican.

NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.—Attorneys will be held responsible for Paper Books, Advertising and Job Work, ordered by them and not paid for in advance. Such bills to be collectable on demand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

☞Mercantile Appraisment—S. B. Arnett.
☞Circus & Menagerie—Thayer & Noyes.
☞Roofing Slate—Twin City Mining Co
☞Lead Pipe, Bar Lead &c—Bailey, Farrell &Co.

WE will send the REPUBLICAN to any address, until after the Presidential election for one dollar.

WANTED.—One or two pairs of Red Birds for which a good price will be paid by the undersigned. R. P. CARSON.

NOTARY PUBLIC.—Among the appointments of the Governor, on the 8th, we notice the name of A. J. Martin, of Jefferson, Notary Public.

LOCAL LEGISLATION.—A bill finally passed the Senate on the 13th, authorizing the Commissioners of Greene county to revise and equalize assessments in the several townships.

HUNG HIMSELF—Jesse Rinehart, of Cumberland township, hung himself on Thursday last. He was living alone, was unmarried and it is said was somewhat deranged. No particulars further.

HEALTHY.—The Morgantown *Post* says they haven't had a death in their town for eight months, and adds that the people there "dry up and blow off." We only believe half of it—the last half.

MY Friends throughout the county can hereafter buy my Stewart's Champion Salve at the Drug Store of Dr. D. W. Braden, who is Sole Agent for Greene county, where it can be had by the Gross, Dozen or single package
DR. J. H. STEWART.

EASTER SUNDAY.—According to the time-honored "sign," we will have seven rainy Sundays in succession from Easter Sabbath, as we had an abundance of rain on that day. Last Sunday it rained just enough to verify the tradition.

OPENED OUT.—Jas. P. Cosgray and Wm A. Porter, have opened the Greene House as a Hotel. "Jim" makes a good landlord and the way "Billy" sets up the provender is a caution—where to go. Everything good. Table, Beds, Stables etc.

VOLUPTUS SUPREMA, the Latin phrase expressive of the climax of voluptuous richness, may be justly applied to the fragrance of Phalon's new perfume, "Flor de Mayo," the most luxurious and permanent of floral odors. Sold by all druggists.

JUST OPENED.—A new and complete stock of Boots and Shoes, at M. C. & H. Bell's cheap store, Sayers' corner, Waynesburg. Among their stock will be found all the Spring Styles, direct from the manufacturers, selected by M. C. Bell expressly for this market.

SO IT APPEARS.—All the latest styles of goods are said to be contained in the stock lately received by Dan. Shirk. From the numbers who go and come with packages under their arms we should say it was so. Go and purchase where the profits are made by the purchaser.

IN THE SHOE BUSINESS.—We are pleased to learn that Maj. Jas. B Lindsey, fellow-townsman, and friend, will embark in the Shoe business, May 1, prox., in Washington, D. C. He will be pleased to see any of his many friends in this section, who visit that city, at his room, 467 Ninth St. Success to the Major and his enterprise!

ADMITTED.—Last Thursday Mr. Wm. L. Parkinson was sworn in to practice at the Bar of the several Courts of Greene Co. The gentleman is young in years and the possessor of talent and ability that promise a brilliant future. If he proves as earnest an advocate of the Legal Bar as he is opponent of Hotel Bars we can assure him success. Success to him anyhow.

1000 REWARD!—M. C. & H. Bell will give the above reward for a foot that does not look well in one of their new styled, tipped, ankle gaiters!

BEST White Lead, Linseed Oil and Turpentine sold at Braden's Drug Store.

THE PRIZE CHURN.—We have seen this marvel in the churn line operate, and certainly must express surprise at the celerity with which it performs its work, the simplicty of its construction, the perfectness of adjustment, and above all, the ease with which it is cleaned Sweet or sour cream is churned to butter in from two to five minutes, leaving butter milk that is hardly rich enough for swill. Mr S. L. Wilson has this churn at the Hamilton House, where it can be seen any time.

CUSTOM MADE Boots, calf back and front, warranted in every particular, for $6.00, at M. C. & H. Bell's!

IF you want fine toilet articles go to Braden's Drug Store.

PURE Flaxseed Oil, sold at G. W. Roberts Drug Store.

ON THE BUILD.—Bob. Summersgill has built him a handsome cottage house on Richhill St. near the corner of Greene, this spring. It is an ornament to that end of town. Summersgill & Bro. have also erected a marble shop on Washington St., near the Steam Mill We notice different other improvements on a smaller scale about town. Odbert & Jones, the plastic slate roofers are doing a good business in their line. The roof is a good thing and as a consequence they are kept busy.

KNOX's fresh Garden Seeds, just received and for sale, at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

DR. SARGENT'S Back-ache Pills for sale at Dr. Braden's Drug Store.

GENTLEMEN'S patent, quarter Oxford ties, at M. C. & H. Bell's, very cheap for cash!

SUPPOSED MURDER.—Mr. T. P. Sutton, of West Unity, Williams Co., Ohio, sent us the following extract from the Peoria *Transcript*, of April 3, inst. It may impart intelligence to friends of the man in this section, and will be read with profound regret by comrades in arms of his Company, most of whom were from our county:

A wagon containing an empty trunk, with the key in the lock, was found in Rock Island county last week. Near by were a bundle of clothing, some books and papers, on which was written "David Shupe, Co. D, 85th regiment Pennsylvania volunteers." The horses were found not far distant. It is supposed that some one followed Shupe home from the West and murdered him, then crossed the river and escaped.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—Notwithstanding the extreme inclemency of the weather on the first days of last week, quite a respectable number of people were in town, even for Court Week. An unusually large amount of business was presented before the Grand Jury. A very great part however, consisted in indictments for petty misdemeanors, the outgrowth of revengeful jealousies and neighborhood broils which a law suit only intensifies but seldom remedies and which, therefore, the Grand Jury prudently thought fit to ignore.

James McQuaid plead guilty to an indictment for interrupting church services. The court, after administering a severe rebuke, requested James to pay a fine of fifty dollars to the commonwealth with the costs of prosecution, gently informing him at the same that the Sheriff would take charge of his personal corpus until said terms were complied with. William Myers, a young man of some twenty summers, hailing from West Va., plead guilty to an indictment for *burglary and larceny*—was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of one year. Isaac Redman (colored) was found guilty upon a charge of fornication and bastardy. Isaac was called upon to pay a few incidental expenses in the shape of fines, costs, &c. and one dollar per week until the child shall arrive at the age of four years

A number of civil causes were disposed of and on Friday at noon the Jury List for the first week was completed. Of the important part of the second week's proceedings our readers shall hear anon.

BARRETTS Hair Restorative, by single bottle or dozen, for sale, at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

100 keg's, strictly pure White Lead, for sale, at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

We call attention to the advertisement in another column of Messrs. Bailey, Farrell & Co of Pittsburgh The firm mentioned are doing a large and extensive business in the manufacture and sale of Water, Gas, and Steam Goods of every description. Their factory is at Nos. 20 and 22 Strawberry and warehouse and office at No. 167 Smithfield street. The machinery used by this firm is of the latest and most improved kind, many machines being covered by patents, and taken altogether, is well calculated for turning out goods of superior quality. Messrs. B. F. & Co have on hand over one hundred different varieties and styles of pumps, ranging from a small cistern or farm pump to steam pumps of mammoth proportions Their stock of fittings for iron, gas, and water pipes is the largest in the western country, consisting of over five hundred different patterns, while their stock of brass cocks and valves for plumbers and machinists' use cannot be excelled. By the use of superior machinery Messrs. B., F. & Co. are prepared to fill orders for lead pipe of any length required, all in one piece, so that farmers and other can lay lead pipe without the assistance of a mechanic.

Messrs B., F. & Co. are energetic and reliable business men, and we would recommend parties interested in water, gas or steam goods to correspond with them.

A NEW Stock of Pure Drugs just received at Braden's Drug Store.

MOSQUEN'S BITTERS sold at Braden's cheap Drug Store, Waynesburg.

FIRE IN WASHINGTON, PA.—A dispatch to the Pittsburg *Commercial*, dated April 16, has the following concerning a destructive fire in the above named place: Probably the most destructive fire that ever took place in this town broke out this morning, about half-past two o'clock, in a frame building on the east side of Main street, occupied by J. Y. Hamilton, Esq., as a law office Owing to the fact that the adjoining buildings were old frames, and that it took a long time to get the citizens aroused, the fire obtained such a headway before the engines arrived on the ground that all the houses on the east side of Main street, between Home's cigar store and the corner of Chestnut street, were entirely consumed. All this property belonged to Mrs. Sirah Daggs. The greatest loss was the Mansion House, whose landlord was Geo. Kirke, Esq. His loss will be about $6,500, on which he has an insurance of $3,500. Mrs. Daggs's loss will be about $12,000. She is insured for $6,000. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, for Mr. Hamilton informed that there had been no fire in his office for two days.

VARNISH and brushes of all kinds, just received and for sale, at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

PURE Red Lead and Litharge sold at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

THAYER & NOYES' MAMMOTH CIRCUS AND GREAT MENAGERIE COMING!—Attention is called to the advertisement of the big Circus in this week's paper. One of the greatest features of this establishment is the public procession through the streets on the day of the exhibition. For the first time will be enacted "The Fete of Versailles; or, the Courtly meeting of Royalty and Power on the Field of the Cloth of Gold." A modern parade replete with ancient grandeur. A procession of mounted knights attired in real armor, and Ladies of the Court in royal robes. The beautiful tableau "Car of Aurora," bearing representations of all nations, Europe, Asia, Africa and America, with a living ferocious Lion, prostrate at the feet of the Goddess of Liberty and carried in triumph through the streets. The Oriental feature is the Elephant "Lallah Rookh," bedecked in Eastern trappings, and bearing on its back the Infant Princess. The Wild Beast Den will be thrown open to the public and Prof White will be seen with his group of Lions, the largest and finest animals ever seen in any Menagerie. Don't forget the day and date!

WILSON'S Cod Liver Oil, and Lime, sold at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

WINDOW Glass of all sizes, for sale, at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

"Throw physic to the dogs; I'll none of it.
To make assurance doubly sure
I'll take"—Plantation Bitters,
They never fail.

This great Stomachic Healer is just what the people need. It is a remedy they can rely on. For Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Headache, Dizziness, Ague, Liver Complaints, Pains in the Side and Back it has no equal; not the least among its virtues is its extreme pleasantness to the taste and *immediate* beneficial effect. Try it, suffering Dyspeptics, and be cured. Such are the assertions of those situated to know. From the vast amount of this article sold, it must have great merit.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price

TWIN CITY SLATE MINING CO.—It is believed that the time will come in the progress of American architecture, when the question will no longer be asked, "What shall we use for roofing?" but, "Where can we obtain the best Slate." Older countries have long since established the fact, that no material is so well adapted, and so durable, as Slate for covering buildings Two obstacles to its general use in this country have existed heretofore: first, the transition character of society which is necessarily opposed to permanence in architecture; and second, the great abundance and low price of lumber. The first impediment is rapidly yielding to time, and riper ideas on the subject of building, and the other must soon give way to the scarcity and advancing price of lumber suitable for roofing purposes.

The Company mentioned above, publish in this week's paper their card, and we are satisfied, those who design putting on a slate roof cannot be better suited than by dealing with the Company. The mines, located in Northampton Co., Pa., are very extensive, and the quality of the slate particularly fine. Read the advertisement.

TRUE WORTH.—Emerson Bennet said, a man passes for what he is worth. Very idle is all curiosity concerning other people's estimate of us, and all fear for remaining unknown is not less so. If a man knows that he can do anything—knows that he can do it better than any one else—he has a pledge of acknowledgement of that fact by all persons. Daniel Shirk appreciating the truth of this, invites *every body*, next Tuesday, to call into his establishment and he will show them how it is Dry Goods can be sold cheap and why he is bound to attain that popularity in the county that is already being accorded him. Remember, A. Wilson, Jr's, Building.

SPRING.—Fordyce & Son are just receiving and opening one of the largest and best selected Spring stock of Goods in the County, at the store room formerly occupied by H. H. Lindsey, Esq., at Jefferson. This stock is new and fresh from the East.

Married.

WOODS—SAYERS—April 16th, 1868, by Rev. A. B. Miller, Lieut. James A. Woods and Miss Mary E. Sayers, both of Waynesburg, Pa.

The uniting of the above couple was the occasion of rare pleasure to a numerous host of relatives and friends. They bore martyrdom in the way of congratulation heroically, and ate a good supper on top of it. Saturday evening they were favored with a serenade by the Brass Band and the 168th Band in turn were invited to fling themselves outside of wine and cake which they did speedily. The printers, too, were kindly remembered, and now the gurgle has died away, and, sole survivor left to tell the tale,

"The Bottle, never flitting, still is sitting,
still is sitting,
In a sacred, lonely corner, by the case upon the floor!"

So far four of life's stages have been passed successfully We cannot but express the wish that the viscissitudes and cares of the other three may bear as lightly upon the hearts and persons of each. Happy in the sunshine that radiates from love, joyous in the well wishes of friends, may their "last scene of all" be that of comfort and good cheer. "Taking to the *Woods*," is a significant expression, but in this instance stands for "two souls with but a single thought," However, whilst in the *timber* business

"We thought as we viewed his snowy bed,
Of the beach, the birch and the willow;
How the shovel and broomstick would break
o'er his head,
And the tears he would shed on his pillow."

Apropos, we part with the words of Miles O'Reilly, on a similar occasion. As we are, perhaps, the only editor in the United States that has not yet used them we feel a perfect liberty in doing so:

"They fall, my friend, the young, the proud,
The gay, the festive cusses fall—
An orange wreath, instead of shroud,
A ring in lieu of minie ball.
The man who faced a battle's roar
Now yields to ruffled chemisettes,
And lion-hearts bow down before
Some twilled, frilled pair of pantalettes."

GOODEN—ROSE—On Tuesday April 5th By Corbly Orndorff Esq., Mr. Hiram Gooden of Franklin township to Miss Hannah M. Rose of Perry township both of Greene Co., Pa.

Died.

PORTER—On Sunday the 12th of April 1868, Miss Martha Porter, at her residence in Franklin tp., of Scurvy, aged 64 years.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, April 21, 1868.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ₩ lb	40
Eggs ₩ doz	15
Potatoes ₩ bush	1 50@2 50
Lard ₩ lb	10
Tallow ₩ lb	12½
Country Soap ₩ lb	03
Dried Apples ₩ lb	8c
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₩ bbl	13 00
Wheat ₩ bush	2 40
Rye ₩ bush	1 10@1 15
Corn ₩ bush	90
Corn Meal ₩ bush	90
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₩ lb	25@30
Tea ₩ lb	1 80
Brown Sugar ₩ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₩ lb	20
Syrup ₩ gal	60
Molasses (N. Orleans,)	1 20
Sorghum ₩ gal	80
Salt ₩ bbl	3 25
Spice ₩ lb	15

PENNA. CENTRAL STOCK YARDS.

THURSDAY, April 16, 1868.

CATTLE—The average prices were below last week. The offerings of cattle this week were generally of an inferior description, and buyers did not seem anxious to invest in stock of that kind. The extreme prices this week were $6@8 75 ₩ cwt. It may be proper to state that a large amount of stock passed through that were purchased in Chicago and other western markets. The same dealers formerly made their purchases here.

April 2	194	$5 50@8 75
April 9	136	6 00@8 50
April 16	93	6 00@8 75

Being a fall off in this weeks sales of cattle of 43 head.

SHEEP—The market was well supplied; dealers took hold freely and the result was that a liberal business was transacted and last week's prices were steadily maintained. At the close of the market there was still a fair amount in the pens. The sales for the past week were as follows:

9,972 head	$4 00@6 00

The above exhibits a falling off in sales of 311 head.

HOGS—Being out of season there was a steady decline in sales and almost the entire operations at these yards were on eastern account. The extreme prices were $8 50@10 50 ₩ cwt.

Markets.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, April 18, 1868.

The general markets have been steady and moderatively active during the past week, prices are without special change.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 40@2 60
Rye ₩ bush	1 05
Oats ₩ bush	75@76c
Corn ₩ bush	100@105
Spring Wheat Flour	10 75@11 00
Winter Wheat	13 00@12 50
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	17½@18c
Sugar Cured Hams	19½@20c
Lard	15c
Potatoes ₩ bush	1 20@1 35
Apples ₩ bbl	4,50@5,50
Cheese	15@19
Eggs ₩ doz	22
Butter	45@50
SEEDS.	
Clover Seed	7 00
Timothy Seed	3 75
Flax Seed	2 55

Clothing.

BLOW-UP ON THE MONONGAHELA!

STEAMERS

ELECTOR AND FAYETTE!

IN THEIR GREAT RACE TO SECURE THE

IMMENSE

CARGO OF CLOTHING!

OF

N. CLARK & SON

Which has just been secured and

SAVED FROM THE WRECK!

The Largest, Cheapest and Best Selection of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

HATS AND CAPS!

Will be found at N. CLARK & SON'S,

FULL SUITS AT $6 00!

That are good material and warranted to wear well.

GOOD CASSIMERE SUITS FOR $11 50.

Good Pants as low as $1 25 and $1 75.

We ask nothing for showing goods. Come and see us; we like to show goods.

OUR PRICES CANNOT BE BEAT!

ap 15, 68

AHOY! ALOFT!

STAND BY, ALL!

TO SEE THE GRAND OPENING OF

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

JUST RECEIVED BY

A. J. SOWERS

DRESS SUITS AND BUSINESS SUITS,

Beautiful assortment of Cloths,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

SHIRTS READY-MADE,

New Styles for Gent's Neck Dress Scarfs, Fine French Figured Percale Shirts, Collars & Cuffs.

THE DECLINE IN PRICES enables him to sell at fabulous low rates. Full suits of excellent texture, can be had at one half former cost. Come and get the best while it is going.

WON'T BE UNDERSOLD IN WAYNESBURG

ROOM IN ALLISON'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

ap 15,'68-3m.

Legal Advertisements.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT APRIL TERM, 1868.

SECOND WEEK.

1ST DIVISION.

Bowers' Trustee vs Hook, No. 93, Nov. term, '59.
Henderson vs Hughes, No. 80, June Term, 1861.
Tanner vs Hughes & Kincaid, No. 72, June term, 1864.
Miller vs Miller, No. 109, March term, 1865.
Lemley vs Gapen & Wharton, No. 131, June term 1865.
Maple vs Prior, No. 37, December term, 1865.
Cornwall vs Wilson, No. 128 Dec. term, 1865.
Hickman vs Hickman & Wiley, No. 9, March term, 1866.
Mestrezatt & Neal vs Monongahela Oil Co., No. 9, March term, 1866.
Taylor vs Lemley, No. 75, March term, 1866.
Gordon vs Shriver, No. 140, March term, "
2ND DIVISION.

Rhodes vs Sayers & Kent, No. 148, June term, '66
Lantz & Stephens, No. 139, June term,
Crane et al vs Patterson and Downey, No. 36, September term, 1866.
Hornbake vs Hedge et al, No. 69, September term, 1866.
Bristor vs Oliver, No. 71, Dec. term, 1866.
Minor's Administrators vs Gapen, No. 98, Dec. term, 1866.
Johns vs Lantz's Administrators, No. 145, Dec. term, 1866.
Lemley vs Stephens, No. 147, June term. 1867.
M'Kee vs Hewit & Gray, No. 59, Sept. term, 1867.
Porter vs Greene County Amber Oil Company, No. 87, September term, 1867.
Lindsey vs Burson, No. 33, December term, 1867.
Woods vs Black et al, No. 35, April term, 1868.

J. P. TEMPLE, Pro'y
3-25-te

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

That on the 27th of March 1868 a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Geo. Grant, of Springhill township, in the county of Greene and state of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property beloging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Register's Office in Waynesburg, Greene co, Pa., before Joseph B. Donley, Register, on the

12 DAY OF MAY 1868, AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.
per THOS. HILL, Dp'ty.

Ap 1-4t

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WAYNESBURG.

April 6, 1868.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and discounts	$156,901 63
Furniture and fixtures	129 00
Expenses	472 64
Cash items	676 89
Due from banks and bankers	1855 19
U. S. Bonds	85,150 00
Telegraph stock	300 00
Specie	220 00
Taxes paid	1,967 74
Cash on hand	23,418 59
	$271,002 08
LIABILITIES:	
Capital stock	$100,000 00
Deposits for increase	34,190 00
Surplus Fund	4,767 62
Circulation	71,100 00
Individual deposits	47,819 98
Due banks	5,511 73
Interest, exchange &c	6,057 52
Dividends unpaid	715 88
	$271,002 08

The above is correct.
JOHN C. FLENNIKEN, Cash.
ap 15-3t

AUDITORS' REPORT OF THE BOUNTY ACCOUNT OF FRANKLIN TP.

APRIL 4, 1868.

JONAS ELY, TREASURER, DR.

To amount received on duplicate of 1868	$ 499 86
To amount of tax levied in 1867	1180 53
	$1680 19
CR.	
By amount of exonerations allowed collector	$ 91 45
By per centage for collecting	84 45
By amount of vouchers allowed	1413 44
By amount paid School Treas'r.	117 12
Treasurer's per centage	7 05
	77-$1680 19
Balance in Treasurer, hands	

JOHN SIMINGTON, }
GEO. WISCARVER, } Aud's.
ap 8,'68-3t

Dry Goods.

CARR,

M'CANDLESS

& CO.,

DRY GOODS,

94 WOOD STREET,

Pittsburgh, Penna.

Buyers of Dry Goods are invited to examine the most Complete Stock brought to this market.

Many of our Most Popular Styles are not to be found elsewhere, being controlled entirely by us. The entire stock having been purchased at the Lowest rates,

WE CHALLENGE

COMPETITION.

PRINTS,
DELAINES,
ARMURES,
COLORED ALPACAS.
COLORED WOOL DELAINES,
FRENCH GINGHAMS,
SCOTCH GINGHAMS,
DOMESTIC GINGHAMS,
CLOTHS,
SHIRTINGS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
PANT LINENS, &C.

HOUSEKEEPER'S GOODS,

SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
TICKINGS,
CHECKS,
QUILTS,
COVERLETS.

A large and well selected stock of

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &C.

CASH BUYERS WILL FIND RARE INDUCEMENTS.

ap 15-tf

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Ambrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. River's Landing, Pa., above the Suspension Bridge. 9:5-tf.

IMPROVEMENT IN PLOWS.—MR. P. ATKINSON ROSS is the Patentee of an improved Plow and Cultivator, by which single and double shovels and cultivators are readily adjusted for use upon sidehills or level ground. The design is meritorious, and cannot fail to please our farmers. A model will be on exhibition in Waynesburg at the next term of Court, where all are respectfully invited to go and examine for themselves. ROSS & GOODWIN.
3:25-3t

Miscellaneous.

Iron City College.

COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest and most Successful

PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE

IN THE UNITED STATES.

OVER FIFTEEN THOUSAND STUDENTS

FROM THIRTY-THREE STATES IN TEN YEARS.

FOR LARGE QUARTO CIRCULAR,

Containing full information, Outline of Course of Study, samples of COWLEY'S

PREMIUM PENMANSHIP,

View of the College Building, different departments, City of Pittsburgh, &c., &c., address the Principals, SMITH & COWLEY,
ap 1, 68-1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

FURNITURE!

J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS

AND

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

97 & 99 Third St.,

8:4-1y. PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
8:26-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

L. HUGHES & CO.,
4:13-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED
FOR THE NEW BOOK
"MEN OF OUR TIMES"

Or Leading Patriots of the Day. An elegant octavo volume, richly illustrated with 18 beautiful Steel Engravings, and a portrait of the author, Mrs.

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

Agents say it is the best, and sells the quickest of any book they ever sold. Some are taking out 200 orders per week. It will outsell "Uncle Tom's Cabin." We employ no general agents, but pay extra commission. Old agents will appreciate this item. Send for circulars giving full particulars. Address HARTFORD PUBLISHING Co., Hartford, Ct.
ap 8-4t

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING!

The firm of ODBERT & JONES will furnish the

PROPERTY HOLDERS!

of Greene county, with the

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING!

introduced last Summer, and so highly recommended by those who have tried it.

☞All orders left with L. W. Jones, Waynesburg, Pa., will receive prompt attention.
ODBERT & JONES,
3:11-6m of Washington County, Pa.

WANTED—1,000 MEN AND WOMEN!

To act as canvassers for a series of

NEW ENGRAVINGS.

FIVE BEAUTIFUL IDEAL AMERICAN FACES,

Engraved on STONE in Paris by the most eminent Lithographers in the world. These faces, which are most beautiful and poetic conceptions, are designed to typify the best ideal types of American womanhood, representing their charities, devotion, sympathies, attachments and heroism.

The lithography is in the highest style of the art, and is such as has rarely been equalled, and CANNOT be excelled.

These portraits have received unqualified praise from the most eminent critics and prominent newspapers of the country, and they should adorn every household in the land.

For particulars and descriptive circular, address L. D. ROBINSON,
3:22-6t 46 Main St., Springfield, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

MEN OF OUR DAY:

Or the Lives and Deeds of Generals, Statesmen, Orators and Political Leaders now on the Stage of Action, including Grant, Sherman, Colfax, Sumner, Stanton, Sheridan, Yates, Curtin, Trumbull, Fenton, Buckingham, Wilson, Greeley, Wade, Morton, Phillips, Farragut, Chase, Logan, Stevens, Beecher, Seward, Boutwell, Dix, Hamlin, Fessenden, Howard, and others, with over Forty Life-like Portraits of living men, sold only by agents. Great inducements. Send for circulars. ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
ap 8-4t 614 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR.
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5:16-1y.

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents.

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.

We warrant it to cure Scrofula Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.

It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.

It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes for the same price than any other Ointment.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Howland, Proprietors, 121 Liberty Street, New York.

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
6:5-'67-1ych;18 625 Broadway, New York.

New Advertisements.

THAYER & NOYES' GREAT CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

JAMES L. THAYER, . . Manager.
C. W. NOYES, . . Equestrian Director.
FRED. DE BOIS, . . Treasurer.
JAMES JAKWAY, . . General Agent.
OLIVER P. MYERS, . . Director of Publications.

NOTICE.

The Management is enabled to present this season a style of SPECTACULAR SPLENDOR never before contemplated by fact or liberality. A DISPLAY of PAGEANTRY which while developing the almost UNEXHAUSTED RESOURCES of the "STANDARD SHOW," sustains the reputation so honestly acquired and proudly maintained by Messrs. THAYER & NOYES.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE

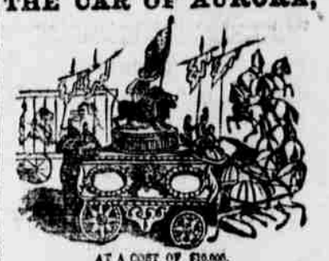
GRAND PROCESSION!!

THE FETE OF VERSAILLES, THE COURTLY MEETING OF ROYALTY AND POWER ON THE FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD. KING HENRY THE VIII. of ENGLAND. FRANCOIS I. of FRANCE.

PROCESSION OF KNIGHTS AND DAMES.

DAYS OF TILT AND TOURNEY.

THE CAR OF AURORA,



AT A COST OF $10,000.

Representations of the PEOPLE OF ALL NATIONS, EUROPE, ASIA, AFRICA and AMERICA.

THE GENIUS OF LIBERTY.

A Rolling Mass of Magnificence. A Line of Corpususcars ONE MILE LONG. Power subservient to Beauty. LION prostrate at a Woman's Feet. A HUGE MONSTER taken from its Den, mounted upon a Pedestal, and carried in triumph THROUGH the STREETS.

REVIVAL OF A TASTE FOR THE BEAUTIFUL.

The Period of Chivalry. A Modern Parade, replete with Ancient Grandeur. MEETING OF THE MONARCHS. The White and Black Knights attired in Suits of Real Armour. LADIES of the COURT in ROYAL ROBES.

The Oriental Feature

THE ELEPHANT "LALLA ROOKH,"

BEDECKED in EASTERN TRAPPINGS, and bearing on its back the INFANT PRINCESSES. THE WILD BEAST DEN, THROWN OPEN TO THE PUBLIC. PROF. WHITE and his GROUPE of LIONS, the FINEST and LARGEST ANIMALS ever seen in ANY MENAGERIE.

THE CHARIOT OF THE MUSES,

Containing Prof. Bloanmenshine's CORNET BAND.

The WAGONS, CARS, CAGES and other VEHICLES are all new, exquisitely made and furnished, worthy of the skill of the American Artizans.

The HARNESSES, ACCOUTREMENTS and DECORATIONS are in keeping with the tone of the establishment.

THE STOCK OF HORSES, PONIES AND MULES

will be found unsurpassable for Flesh, Training or Intelligence. No better collection of QUADRUPEDS can be found in any Institution in the World. THIS EXTERNAL GRATUITY with its PRODIGAL SPLENDORS will serve as an index to the real merits of the

MODEL SHOW OF 1868

Which cost the Management $125,000.

The names of the Artistes will convince the public of the Professional Excellence of the Company.

Dr. JAMES L. THAYER, "is all respects a Clown," but one who never sacrifices good taste to desire a laugh; a man who has been styled by the most impartial journalists of the day a "Gentleman in and out of the Ring."

C. W. NOYES, the successful trainer and Equine breaker, will introduce his very intellectual and pretty animal GREY EAGLE, Jr., and his equestrian Pony "WONDER."

CHARLES REED, Reine Equestrian and Pirouette rider, and as a HIGH LEAPER has no successful rival.

Messrs. HOGLE and KEEFE, polite, skillful and graceful gymnasts, who have made their PHYSICAL EXPLOITS A SCIENCE, and render the Gymnasium a bright particular in the programme.

CHARLES McCARTY, Champion Leaper of America, a title he has acquired by the accomplishing a SERIES OF DASHING LEAPS over the backs of 12 Stalwart Draught Horses.

Mr. W. W. NICHOLS, leading Scenic Histrionic Character Impersonator, will give his Shakspearean Transformations and his PICTURES FROM PICKWICK, imparting to his representations the genius of their great author DICKENS.

FRED. RENTZ, a gifted performer, perfect in points of agility, strength and dexterity, admitted to be one of the BEST GENERAL PERFORMERS in the profession.

Master WOODA COOKE, (pupil of Mr. C. W. Noyes,) the WONDERFUL BOY RIDER, the SOMERSAULTER and LEAPER, achieving upon horseback acts which are difficult to execute upon the ground even when assisted by surroundings of "rugs" and spring boards. THIS MERE CHILD will ride his TERRIFIC BAR ACT on his pony WILD FIRE, evincing a daring execution, intensely sensational and giving unmistakeable evidence of the strength of his claims to the title of

The CHAMPION RIDER of the WORLD!

FRANCES W. ROBINSON, a Clown of merit, a man of originality, quick perception, a good talker who knows just how to tell a good thing in the proper place. Importing to all he says Rich, Genial and Unctuous Humor. Mr. R. will also introduce that marvel of fun, that epitome of mirth, "WHOA JANUARY."

JOHN HUNTERSON, to another aspirant for distinction, preserving his identity among the performers by executing his Great Specialty, A DOUBLE SOMERSET.

Mr. CLARKE GIBBS, is also a Clown, who "says in song" a host of very clever things.

Prof. CHAS. WHITE, the LION KING, will exhibit his

COLLECTION OF WILD BEASTS,

and perform with the Denizens of the Jungle, giving a decidedly MARKED EMOTIONAL ENTERTAINMENT in the DEN WITH THE MONSTERS.

Mr. C. W. NOYES will exhibit one of his pet projects for the amusement of his little friends a Mexican Performing Monkey "HUNKI DORI," capable of making everybody laugh at his cunning tricks and capriccs.

Dr. JAMES L. THAYER will bring forward in his own peculiar way those Standard Quadrupedal Comedians "them Mules" Uncle Sam and Dick.

The whole of the talent and the resources of the establishment will be most acceptably presented in the Magnificent Spectacle of the

TOURNAMENT,

which will show 200 Women, Men and Horses "at one time in the Ring," in a series of the MOST BRILLIANT ANIMATIONS. THE HALT IN THE DESERT. THE CARAVAN roaring at the Oasis. The ARABS with their 12 Barbbred Imported Horses trained to lie down and rise at command.

A SUBLIME PICTURE,

showing to advantage the docility of the Performing Eleph

Groceries &c.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts Raisins, Groceries and everything

IN

The Grocery line o. H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10:30-tf.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.,

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

JOHN MUNNELL.

Ilbart.

GIFTS FOR THE MILLION!

A HUGE STOCK,

BOUGHT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FESTIVE DAYS AHEAD, AT

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

DELICIOUS OYSTERS

With all the "et cetera," are served at reasonable rates.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town.

6:14'65-1y.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 20 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wipes and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a fell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. P. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County.
Waynesburg, Pa.

3:4-1f.

Busines Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 6:1'66-tf.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

Greensboro, Pa.

2:8-1y.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 553.

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Saturday evening, each week. dh.

B. M. BLACHLY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at his residence, opposite the "Wright House," Waynesburg, Pa.

☞ Diseases of Females made a specialty.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House.

May 10, '65-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.

May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 6:1'67-1y.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

Opens ..... 9 o'clock A M.
Closes ..... 3 o'clock P M.
DISCOUNT DAY ..... TUESDAYS.

D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
B. FRANK. FLENNIKEN, Assistant Cashier.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞ Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 6:24-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FAIL every week from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.

6:12-tf

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call, "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office, 5:8'66-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞ All work warranted for one year. ☜

2:28'65-tf.

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:8-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a widespread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:23'66-tf.

PAINTING AND GLAZING.

D. W. KENNEDY & J. W. SMALLEY,

HOUSE PAINTERS,

GRAINERS, GLAZIERS AND PAPER HANGERS,

Shop, on Mechanics' Row, opposite the M. E. Church, Waynesburg, Pa.

☞ MATERIAL FURNISHED, if required, at Pittsburgh Prices.

ap 1, '68-6m. KENNEDY & SMALLEY.

FOUNDERY NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED

EAGLE FOUNDERY,

With its large stock of

PLOWS AND MANY OTHER CASTINGS,

Formerly the property of the late Daniel Owens, dec'd, will continue the business in all its branches, and do all kinds of

MACHINE REPAIRING,

At short notice and upon reasonable terms, and hopes to merit a reasonable share of patronage.

3-63-3m C. W. BOWER.

Printing.

PRINTING!

"THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN"

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Sayers' Building, East of the Public Square,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

PAMPHLETS,

PROGRAMMES,

BILL HEADS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

POSTERS,

BLANKS,

LABELS,

&c., &c.,

NEATLY EXECUTED.

WE HAVE NOW A GREAT VARIETY

OF MATERIAL!

And a more complete stock of

PAPER, CARDS, &c.,

Than any establishment within the limits of our business circle.

AND WE ARE PREPARED

To execute every description of

JOB PRINTING!

IN A

STYLE OF NEATNESS AND BEAUTY!!

WHICH

CANNOT BE SURPASSED ANYWHERE.

We employ the most competent printers, and propose to

MEET EVERY ORDER!

With which we are favored, in the

SHORTEST TIME POSSIBLE!

AND

IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER!

Particular attention given to

FINE RULE WORK

CERTIFICATES,

CHECKS, &c.,

TERMS REASONABLE!

Let us have a call before going elsewhere.

JAS. E. SAYERS,

10:30 Waynesburg, Pa.

The Waynesburg Republican.

THE SUICIDE OF THE SOUTH.

The Southern planters, observes the Philadelphia *Post*, in refusing to employ the Freedmen, are doing all in their power to perpetuate their own poverty. To discourage labor is to starve themselves. They act, as did Mr. Mulligan, a descendant of the Kings of Munster. One bitter night, when the thermometer was at sixteen degrees "below zabra," a starving dog invaded Mr. Mulligan's pantry through a broken window. Mr. Mulligan rose several times and expelled the intruder. At last Mrs. M missed him for a long while, and on looking from the window, beheld him standing shivering in the moonlight, in his bare feet, gazing fixedly at the dog, which he held at bay with "his glittering eye."

"What in the world are you doing there, Mr. M.?" she asked.

"Mrs. Mulligan," replied the Penian solemnly, while his teeth chattered in his head, "I'm going to freeze the infernal baste to death!"

In this spirit the influential classes of the South propose to punish the freedmen and the loyalist. There are people who cannot credit all that is said of the enmity of the South to the Union, and consider the Kuk Klux Klan as an invention of Republican malice. But the infamous threats and counsels of the Southern press are proof enough. Here is a specimen of Rebel literature from *The Iuka* (Miss.) *Gazette*:

"The Southern people will never follow the crazy 'God and morality'—negro-worshipers—spoon-stealing—white-man-hating—outside of the Constitution standing—black and white blood mixing—woman-growing—baby-strangling—ecow-pronouncing—hell-deserving—New England Yankee clock-peddling—chicken-stealing—box-nailed—dandy-shanked—round-shouldered—hypocritical—canting—psalm-singing—cowardly cut-throat—slandering—vulgar—slimy mouthed—onion eating—whisky drinking—sausage-stuffing scoundrels.

Of the Kuk Klux Klan *The Richmond Esquirer* says:

It is now very evident this "Kuk Klux Klan" is not a meaningless Merry Andrew organization, but that under its cap and bells it hides a purpose as resolute, noble, and heroic as that which Brutus concealed beneath the mask of well-dissembled idiocy.

As the Kuk Kluxians have distinguished themselves only by murder and burglary, *The Enquirer* must be understood as recommending these crimes to its readers. In keeping with this advice is the frenzied effort of *The Montgomery Mail* to inspire a new rebellion:

We have a right to appeal to the "ultima ratio regum." From the valleys should go up the defying shouts of an outraged people! From the hill tops should blaze forth the fiery cross of vengence, and the soil of Alabama, from the rivers to the gulf, should thrill once more beneath the feet of freemen! By the memory of Alabama's sons who died in glory on the plains of Chalmette, at the victory of Horse Shoe, on Malvern Hills, at Chickamauga, at Shiloh, and at Manassas, we would say strike!

"Strike for your altars and your fires!
Strike for the green graves of your sires!
God and your native land!"

These are but a few of the many extracts we could give, and we think few loyal men would be willing to restore people of this kind to full citizenship. So long as the Southern Rebels believe in persecuting Union men, military rule in the South is not only justice but mercy. There is much nonsense about the injury the South suffers from the Reconstruction laws, but, how can it expect to prosper when it wages daily war upon its laboring population, and strives persistantly to keep away the Northern capital it needs?

HELMBOLD'S MEDICINES.—There are none among all the proprietary medicines that stand higher than those prepared by H. T. Helmbold, 594 Broadway, N. Y. They have been before the public for a number of years, and for the diseases for which they are intended as a specific they stand unrivalled, and rank as standard wherever known. At the Cape of Good Hope, the Hottentots have long used Buchu for a variety of diseases; it was borrowed from those rude practitioners by the English and Dutch physicians, on whose recommendation it was employed in Europe, and has now come into general use. Dr. Helmbold has scientifically combined the curative products of Buchu, and with upwards of thirty thousand unsolicited certificates and hundreds of thousands of living witnesses of its curative properties, accumulated within fifteen years, has not been in the habit of resorting to their publication. He does not do this, from the fact that his remedies rank as standard; they do not need to be propped up by certificates. The science of medicine, like the Doric column, stands simple, pure and majestic, having fact for its basis, induction for its pillar, and truth alone for its capital. His drug and chemical warehouse, in the city of New York, is not to be excelled, if equaled, by any in this country, and we would advise our readers when visiting that city to give him a call and judge for themselves.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT IN A MINE.

At the Diamond Coal Mines, near Scranton, Penn., the 31st ult., as seventeen workmen were being lowered down the shaft of the mine, the chair supporting the platform gave way and the men were precipitated to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 185 feet. Thirteen were killed by the accident. Eleven women are thus made widows, and twenty-eight children left fat orfens.

The funeral of seven of the miners, took place the 1st inst., at Hyde Park, in Scranton in the presence of 4,000 people. The places of business in three wards of the city were closed.

The next day, the six Irish miners who had been killed, were buried from St. Vincent's Cathedral. The procession occupied twenty minutes in passing.

A Question for Lawyers.

Suppose a man own's a skiff; he fastens the skiff to the shore with a rope made of straw; along comes a cow; cow gets into the boat; turns around and eats the rope; the skiff thus let loose, with the cow on board starts down stream, and on its passage is upset; the cow is drowned. Now, has the man that owned the cow got to pay for the boat, or the man that owned the boat got to pay for the cow.

"My God! think of my being tried before a nigger jury for horse stealing!" exclaimed a horrified Southern white Democrat, alarmed at the proposition to allow colored men to sit as jurors. Sure enough! then might be a danger of a conviction, and just think of the number of villians whose occupation would hence be gone!

A DEMOCRAT being told that Thomas Jefferson and George Washington voted with negroes, and believed in equal suffrage, retorted, "Well, Washington and Jefferson were gentlemen, and could afford to vote with niggers; I can't."—*Detroit Post.*

Dry Goods.

GOOD NEWS!

AND NEW GOODS!

D. SHIRK,

Now offers to the public

The most complete assortment of

Every thing in the Dry

Goods line ever brought to

This market. The Spring

Styles, fresh and attractive

And of every variety.

Hats for Men and Boys,

Ladies' and Misses. Boots

And Shoes, unsurpassed in

Durability & Cheapness.

Muslins, Delaines, Cloths,

Bonnets & Bonnet frames

Cassimeres, and in fact

Everything that can be

Desired, you can buy of him.

A. WILSON, JR.

Especially invites a call from his old customers, being satisfied the prestige of former dealing will be sustained and that now, as of yore, the tastes of all will be pleased regarding prices and quality. Embrace the first opportunity and give him an early call.

☞ Room formerly occupied by A. Wilson, Jr. in Wilson's building, Waynesburg, Pa.

ap 8,'68-1y. D. SHIRK.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House,

4:21-3m L. K. EVANS.

1868. SPRING. 1868.

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS & STRAW GOODS!

Wholesale Jobbers in

STRAW GOODS AND

PALM LEAF HATS,

HOODS, MISSES AND

LADIES' HATS, EITHER

TRIMMED OR UNTRIMMED,

AT

CHAS. H. PAULSON'S,

73 Wood Street,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Merchants visiting our city will give us a call, as we are prepared to sell at the lowest Eastern Prices. Our stock is full of all kinds of Head Wear at

VERY LOW PRICES!

ap 8-1m

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

Boots & Shoes.

A FACT WORTHY OF NOTE!

JOHN M. WINGET

Undoubtedly has the LARGEST STOCK of

HOME-MADE BOOTS & SHOES!

IN WAYNESBURG.

They have been tried and found to be equal if not

Superior to any in the place!

He has a general and well manufactured assortment of

LADIES' AND MISSES, MEN & BOYS'

HOME MADE

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS!

He keeps hands unexcelled as workmen in leather. His shop will be found

NEAR COTTERELL'S TANNERY,

☞ After returning thanks for a liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I wish to say to my old customers and others that I warrant my work in every particular, and will sell at prices that will satisfy any reasonable person.

Don't forget the place, but

GIVE ME A CALL SOON.

ap 8, '68-1y JOHN M. WINGET.

GREAT PANIC IN THE PRICES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AT—

WILLIAM BERRYHILL'S,

TWO DOORS WEST OF N. CLARK & SON'S CLOTHING STORE,

Having just purchased a heavy Stock of Boots and Shoes of the FINEST and BEST QUALITY to be found in the East, he now has the Best selected and most complete assortment of these Goods ever brought to the Town. And he offers to sell

FOR CASH

Men's best, whole stock, Home-made Boots, 17 inch leg, at $6.00, 5.25 and 5.00; Men's Fine Calf at $7.50, with a uniform deduction in rates, on all kinds of stock. Mr. Berryhill having an experience of 15 years in the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and has taken great care to make this a

SUPERIOR STOCK TO ANY KEPT HERETOFORE.

Experienced hands are constantly employed in making to order and we can safely say that at no place else in these "diggings" can the material and workmanship be surpassed.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

He now asks his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that he can please them. WM. BERRYHILL,

12;18-tf Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

CUSTOM-MADE WORK!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

M. C. & H. BELL'S,

(SUCCESSORS TO HALSTED,)

SAYERS' CORNER

WAYNESBURG, PA.

☞ Call and examine, and save money!

GO TO M. C. & H. BELL'S FOR BARGAINS

12;4-1y.

BARKER & HASELTINE!

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

PICTURE AND PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES

OF ALL KINDS.

OSEWOOD, GILT & WALNUT MOULDINGS.

PICTURES, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

☞ Gilding and Re-gilding to Order. 3:4,'68-1y

ANDERSON, PENZOLD & CARSON,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

WELL KNOWN MERCHANT TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT!

—TO—

52 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Two doors from their old rooms.

3:4,'68-1y.

Miscellaneous.

BETTER THAN EVER!

FROM

NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA

THOMAS BRADEN,

Has just received a splendid new

SPRING STOCK OF HARDWARE!

To which he invites especial attention.

His store is filled with everything in his line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being a practical farmer, he knows exactly the wants of his farmer friends. Among his variety of goods will be found Iron and Nails of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle-toothed, Cross-cut and Mill Saws, Hand Saws and Tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in this line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of Saddlery Hardware, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden fixin's, Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot Guns, Boys's Wagons and Sleds. All of which will be sold cheaper than ever for Cash!

GIVE HIM A CALL SOON.

He will take pleasure in showing his stock at all times. So give him a call when you come to town. Remember the place,

OPPOSITE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

ap 8,'68-tf THOMAS BRADEN.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

8;14-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

COPPER AND TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT IN WAYNESBURG, PA.

DON'T THROW MONEY AWAY, BUT USE IT TO BUY CHEAP AND USEFUL STOVES OF

W. H. HELPHENSTINE,

They have the handsomest and neatest pattern of

COOKING, HEATING, AND PARLOR STOVES!

in use. Call and examine the different patterns before you purchase elsewhere. They have the ROSEDALE, for wood or coal, three sizes; and the Perfection, for wood, three sizes. They are the best stoves in use.

Don't let the women scold any longer, but get them what they need.

They manufacture

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE!

of all kinds. Everything in our line will be attended to promptly; send in your orders soon, for I will sell cheap for cash or country produce.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING!

done to order on the shortest notice, at the old stand, south of the Sheriff's House, Waynesburg, Pa. W. H. HELPHENSTINE.

1:23-9m

E. A. TINKER..... H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7:31-1y.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞ For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,

Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs.)

8;21,'67-1y MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 119.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. dh.